



# NEWSLETTER



## **SURE 2010 Crop Disaster Program Signup to begin Nov. 14**

Montana farmers can begin enrollment for 2010 crop losses under the Supplemental Revenue Assistance Payments (SURE) program on Nov. 14, 2011. The sign-up deadline for the 2010 SURE program is June 1, 2012.

SURE is available to eligible producers on:

- farms in counties with Secretarial disaster declarations, including contiguous counties, that have incurred at least a 10 percent crop production loss or quality loss, or both, on at least one crop of economic significance on crops grown by a producer nationwide, **except** grazed crops; or
- farms in which, for the crop year, an overall loss greater than 50 percent of the actual production on the farm compared to normal production for the farm.

Although farmers may be able to sign up for the SURE program in November, the SURE payments may not be issued until sometime later because the 2010 National Average Market Price (NAMP) data may not be available for all crops. The NAMP prices are intended to reflect the actual marketing value of a crop during the marketing year and the marketing year for some crops will not end until the beginning of 2012.

For more information, call or visit your local FSA county office. A map of Montana counties that were designated as 2010 primary or contiguous secretarial disaster counties and more information about FSA programs are available on the state FSA Web site at [www.fsa.usda.gov/mt](http://www.fsa.usda.gov/mt).

## **2011 DCP Final Payment to be issued after Oct. 12, 2011**

Final DCP payments for 2011 participants will be issued sometime after Oct. 12, 2011. Producers who received an advance payment will be paid the balance they are due. Those who did not take an advance will be receiving their full payment amount. These payments will be deposited directly into personal bank accounts. If there are any unearned payments, Commodity Credit Corporation will automatically subtract those amounts from the final Direct and Counter-cyclical Program (DCP) payments you are about to receive.

## **CRP & TIP Payments to begin in October 2011**

Beginning in October 2011, FSA will be issuing Conservation Reserve Program (CRP) annual rental payments and Transition Incentive Program (TIP) payments. These payments will be deposited directly into personal bank accounts.

## **County Committee Election Ballot Coming Your Way**

Be watching your mailbox for your official county office committee election ballot starting early next month. Ballots will be mailed to all eligible voters starting on Nov. 4, 2011. If, for some reason, you don't receive a ballot, feel free to notify the county FSA office. Completed and signed ballots will be due back in the county office by the close of business on Dec. 5, 2011. For more information, contact your FSA county office.

## **FSA & NRCS Offer Flood Recovery Assistance to Producers**

Montana farmers and ranchers can signup for three programs being offered by FSA and NRCS to assist with flood recovery efforts. Programs include: FSA's Conservation Reserve Program-Continuous Sign-up and NRCS's Environmental Quality Incentives Program (EQIP) and the Wetlands Reserve Program (WRP). These programs can give producers additional management options to cope with the flood aftermath such as damaged irrigation diversions and new cottonwood seedlings. For more information, contact the FSA and NRCS offices or the state FSA website at [www.fsa.usda.gov/mt](http://www.fsa.usda.gov/mt).

## **Sanders County FSA Office**

### **October 2011**

#### **Address:**

PO Box 639  
7487 MT Hwy 200  
Plains, MT 59859

#### **Office:**

(406) 826-3751 ext. 2  
Fax: (406) 826-3273  
[www.fsa.usda.gov/mt](http://www.fsa.usda.gov/mt)

**Hours:** 8:00 to 4:30 p.m.  
Monday to Friday

#### **FSA Office Personnel:**

Daniel Fehrs, PT  
Kimberly Adams, SFLO  
Teresa Rader, FLPT  
Billy Denison, CED

#### **County Committee Members**

John Holland, Chair  
Ron Chenoweth, Vice  
Lauraine Johnson,  
Member

#### **Agricultural Lending Opportunities:**

*Questions regarding obtaining credit to start or enlarge a farming or ranching operation; financing agricultural operating expenses; or livestock, machinery purchases may call the following at (406)676-2811, extension 103 or 105*

Kimberly Adams, SFLO  
Teresa Rader, FLPT

#### **Reasonable Accommodations:**

Persons with disabilities who require accommodations to attend or participate in any FSA programs should contact the Sanders County FSA Office or the Federal Relay Service at 1-800-877-8339.

## **2012 DCP & ACRE Signup Period: Jan. 23, 2012 to June 1, 2012**

The FSA County Office will begin enrollment for the 2012 Direct and Counter-cyclical Program (DCP) and also the 2012 Average Crop Revenue Election Program (ACRE) Program on Jan. 23, 2012 and will continue through June 1, 2012. The DCP and ACRE programs do not provide for an advance direct payment for the 2012 crop year. Final payments will be issued after Oct. 1, 2012.

The ACRE program provides eligible producers a state-level revenue guarantee, based on the 5-year state Olympic average yield and the 2-year national average price. ACRE payments are made when both state and farm-level triggers are met. By participating in ACRE, producers elect to forgo counter-cyclical payments, receive a 20-percent reduction in direct payments and a 30-percent reduction in loan rates. The decision to elect ACRE binds the farm to the program through the 2012 crop year. Planted crops considered eligible for ACRE payments include: wheat, barley, oats, grain sorghum, corn, upland cotton, peanuts, pulse crops (dry peas, lentils, chickpeas or garbanzo beans), rice, soybeans, and other oilseeds (canola, crambe, flaxseed, mustard seed, rapeseed, safflower, sesame seed).

The Direct and Counter-Cyclical Program (DCP) provides producers an income safety net in the form of annual direct payments and counter-cyclical payments when commodity prices fall below certain levels.

The 2012 DCP and ACRE contract signatures for enrollment are due by the signup deadline of June 1, 2012. For more info, contact your local county FSA office.

## **Important Reminder of NAP Coverage Deadlines for 2012 Crop Year**

FSA's Non-Insured Crop Disaster Assistance Program (NAP) was designed to provide financial assistance to producers of non-insurable crops when low yields or prevented planting occurs as the result of natural disasters. Statutes limit NAP coverage to each commercial crop or agricultural commodity, except livestock, for which the catastrophic (CAT) level of insurance is not available. Application deadlines for 2012 NAP coverage in Montana are: **Dec. 1, 2011**, for Honey; **March 15, 2012**, for all other NAP crops. The deadline for 2012 value-loss crops (Christmas Trees, Crustaceans, Fin Fish and Flowers) was Sept. 1, 2011. In order to meet eligibility requirements for NAP, crops must be noninsurable, commercially-produced agricultural commodity crops for which catastrophic risk protection level of crop insurance is not available. If the Risk Management Agency offers coverage for a crop in the county, then NAP coverage is not available for that crop. In the event of a natural disaster, NAP covers the amount of loss greater than 50 percent of the expected production based on the approved yield and reported acreage. Eligible producers can apply for coverage using form CCC-471 application for coverage and pay the applicable service fee by the sales closing deadline. Eligible producers must pay a service fee of \$250 per crop per administrative county or \$750 per producer per county, not to exceed \$1875 for a producer with farming interests in multiple counties. Service fees may be waived for limited-resource producers. For more info on NAP or other FSA programs, contact your local FSA office.

## **Jan. 30, 2012 deadline for 2011 livestock losses under FSA's Livestock Indemnity Program (LIP)**

Livestock owners with 2011 losses must file an application for payment no later than Jan. 30, 2012. The Livestock Indemnity Program (LIP) provides assistance to eligible livestock owners and contract growers for eligible livestock deaths in excess of normal mortality due to adverse weather that occurred on or before September 30, 2011. For 2011 losses, producers must file a notice of loss the earlier of 30 calendar days of when the loss of livestock is apparent, or December 29, 2011. A notice of loss can be reported to the office by phone, fax, or e-mail. Eligible livestock deaths must have occurred in the calendar year for which benefits are being requested. An Application for payment may be filed at any time in 2011, but must be filed no later than 30 calendar days after the end of the calendar year in which the loss of livestock occurred. For 2011 losses, the Application for Payment must be filed no later than Jan. 30, 2012. For more information, contact your FSA county office or visit <http://disaster.fsa.usda.gov>.

## **AFIDA**

Any foreign person who acquires, transfers or holds any interest, other than a security interest, in agricultural land in the United States is required by law to report the transaction no later than 90 days after the date of the transaction. They must file Agricultural Foreign Investment Disclosure Act (AFIDA) reports with the FSA county office that maintains reports for the county where the land is located. For AFIDA purposes, agricultural land is defined as any land used for farming, ranching or timber production, if the tracts total 10 acres or more. For more information contact the FSA office near you or visit the USDA Web site at [www.usda.gov](http://www.usda.gov).

## **Recent Office Personnel Changes**

Billy Denison, County Executive Director for Sanders and Lake County FSA Offices, has recently accepted the CED position in the Gallatin and Park County FSA Offices, and will begin work there on November 7, 2011. Billy stated, "I have enjoyed working with the staff and producers in Lake and Sanders Counties, and I wish them all the very best. As I may be moving home, I have been truly blessed to have been allowed to spend time in my FSA career living, working and enjoying western Montana and making many new friends. I certainly plan to visit here often."

## **Change to Average Adjusted Gross Income (AGI) Compliance Forms and Process**

Forms CCC-926 (Average Adjusted Gross Income Statement) and forms CCC-927 and CCC-928 (Consent to Disclosure of Tax Information) have now been replaced by a single form, CCC-931 (Average Adjusted Gross Income (AGI) Certification and Consent to Disclosure of Tax Information). This form will be submitted to your local County FSA Office, and can be used for any of the years 2009-2012. The forms will then be sent by the County Office in batches to the IRS in order to complete the mandated compliance checks. One important thing to note is that because the form also serves as an IRS information release, Farm Service Agency signature authority documents, such as the FSA-211 Power of Attorney form, cannot be used to sign the CCC-931 on behalf of anyone else. The form must be signed by someone who has the authority to sign tax documents for the individual or entity in question.

## **Farm Storage and Facility Loan (FSFL) Program Available - *Honey is now an eligible commodity***

FSA's Farm Storage and Facility Loan (FSFL) Program provides low-interest financing for producers of eligible commodities to build or upgrade farm storage and handling facilities. Participants are required to provide a down payment of 15 percent, with Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) providing a loan for the remaining 85 percent of the net cost of the eligible storage facility and permanent drying and handling equipment. Loan terms of seven, ten, or twelve years are available depending on the amount of the loan. Interest rates for each term rate may be different and are based on the rate which CCC borrows from the Treasury Department. Payments are available in the form of a partial disbursement and the remaining final disbursement. The final disbursement will be made when all construction is completed. An FSFL generally must be approved before any site preparation or construction can begin. The following commodities are eligible for farm storage facility loans: honey, corn, grain sorghum, soybeans, oats, wheat, barley, or minor oilseeds harvested as whole grain; corn, grain sorghum, wheat, oats, or barley harvested as other than whole grain; hay; renewable biomass; fruits (including nuts) and vegetables—cold storage facilities.

## **Emergency Farm Loans**

FSA provides emergency loans to help producers recover from production losses and physical losses due to drought, flooding, other natural disasters, or quarantine. Emergency loan funds may be used to: restore or replace essential property; pay all or part of production costs associated with the disaster year; pay essential family living expenses; reorganize the farming operation; and refinance certain debts. More info and applications for the loan programs described are available at local FSA county offices.

## **FSA Cooperation with RMA**

The Agricultural Risk Protection Act of 2000 requires the Farm Service Agency (FSA) and the Risk Management Agency (RMA) to work together to improve program compliance and integrity of the Federal Crop Insurance Program. As a result of the passage of the 2000 Act, RMA and FSA are required to coordinate a plan to identify, address and reconcile discrepancies of all relevant producer-derived information, and to coordinate a monitoring program to include fact finding relative to allegations of program fraud, waste, and abuse. FSA will assist RMA and insurance providers in monitoring conditions throughout the growing season and conduct growing season inspections. All suspected cases of fraud, waste, and abuse concerning the Federal Crop Insurance Program will be referred to RMA. FSA will also assist RMA with auditing claims. Producers may also report suspected cases of fraud, waste, and abuse to their local FSA County Office, the RMA Office or OIG.

## **Loans for the Socially Disadvantaged**

FSA has loan programs available to assist applicants to begin or continue in agriculture production. Loans are available for operating type loans and/or purchase or improve farms or ranches. While all qualified producers are eligible to apply for these loan programs, the FSA has provided priority funding for members of Socially Disadvantaged Applicants. For purposes of this program, socially disadvantaged groups are women, African Americans, American Indians, Alaskan Natives, Hispanics, Asian Americans and Pacific Islanders. If producers or their spouses believe they would qualify as socially disadvantaged, they should contact the local FSA office for details. FSA loans are only available to applicants who meet all the eligibility requirements and are unable to obtain the needed credit elsewhere.

## **Marketing Assistance Loans**

A Marketing Assistance Loan (MAL) is available for producers who share in the risk of producing the crop. To be eligible, a producer must maintain continual beneficial interest in the crop from harvest through the earlier of the date the loan is repaid or CCC takes title to the commodity. Beneficial interest means retaining the ability to make decisions about the commodity; responsibility for loss or damage to the commodity; and title to the commodity. Once beneficial interest in a commodity is lost, the commodity is ineligible for loan - even if the producer regains beneficial interest. Commodity loan eligibility also requires compliance with conservation and wetland protection requirements; beneficial interest requirements, acreage reporting and ensuring that the commodity meets Commodity Credit Corporation minimum grade and quality standards. For commodities to be eligible they must have been produced by an eligible producer, be in existence and in a storable condition and be merchantable for food, feed or other uses as determined by CCC. The quality of the commodity in farm storage must be maintained throughout the term of the loan. Producers do not have to participate in the Direct and Counter-Cyclical and/or ACRE Programs to be eligible for commodity loans. Violating provisions of a marketing assistance loan may trigger administrative actions, such as assessing liquidated damages, calling the loan and denial of future farm-stored loans. The most common violations are removing or disposing of a commodity being used as loan collateral without prior authorization and providing an incorrect quantity certification.



**VISIT FSA ONLINE:** Information on FSA programs, the 2011 Montana FSA Farmer & Rancher Program Handbook, forms, state news releases, upcoming deadlines and state e-newsletters and county newsletters & more are available at: [www.fsa.usda.gov/mt](http://www.fsa.usda.gov/mt).

**Selected Interest Rates - October 2011**

Farm Operating - Direct	1.75%
Farm Ownership - Direct	4.25%
Farm Ownership - Direct Down Payment, Beginning Farmer or Rancher	1.50%
Emergency - Actual Loss	3.75%
Farm Storage Facility - 7-year	1.50%
Farm Storage Facility - 10-year	2.125%
Farm Storage Facility - 12-year	2.375%
Crop Year Commodity Loans	1.125%
CCC Borrowing Rate	0.125%

**FSA: Upcoming Important Dates to Remember:**

- Nov. 4:** County Committee Election Ballots to be mailed to eligible voters
- Nov. 11:** USDA Service Centers closed for Veterans Day federal holiday
- Nov. 14:** SURE Signup for 2010 Crop Year Begins
- Nov. 24:** USDA Service Centers closed for Thanksgiving Day federal holiday
- Dec. 1:** 2012 NAP Sales Closing Date Honey
- Dec. 5:** Last day to return voted ballots to the local FSA office.
- Dec 26:** USDA Service Centers closed for Christmas Day federal holiday
- Jan. 2:** Elected County Committee members and alternates take office.
- Jan. 23:** 2012 DCP and ACRE Enrollment Begins
- March 15:** NAP Closing Date for 2012 Crops (except value loss and honey)
- June 1:** 2012 ACRE Signup Deadline
- June 1:** 2012 DCP Signup Deadline
- June 1:** Deadline for SURE Signup for 2010 Crop Year
- Continues:** Continuous Conservation Reserve Program

## Farm Loan Program

FSA is committed to providing family farmers with loans to meet their farm credit needs. If you are looking at expanding your farm operation or just starting out, FSA has direct and guaranteed loans to fit your financial needs. Ask your lender about an FSA loan guarantee to purchase real estate, but machinery, equipment or livestock or to obtain credit to cover your input costs for the crop year. Farm ownership loans or farm operating loans may be obtained as direct loans for a maximum of up to \$300,000. Guaranteed loans have a maximum limit of \$1,214,000 starting on Oct. 1, 2011. The one-time loan origination fee charged on FSA guaranteed farm ownership and operating loans has increased from 1 percent to 1.5 percent of the guaranteed portion of the loan, for loans obligated after Oct. 1, 2011.

### USDA Nondiscrimination Statement/Complaint Process:

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